

APPLICATION NOTE

NOVEMBER 1982

NA-028A

Basic routines for EF9365 and EF9366 graphic display processors

Philippe LAMBINET
Laboratoire d'Applications

THOMSON-EFCIS

THOMSON-EFCIS integrated circuits

INTRODUCTION

Programmers, using Assembly Language, will find in this Application Note, some software tools, allowing them to build more powerful programs.

Routines developed thereafter have been chosen because they are very commonly used.

All software has been written in EF6800 Assembly language.

Fully optimized routines are often very hard to understand and always hard to modify.

We tried to follow algorithms closely so as to make programs as clear as possible.

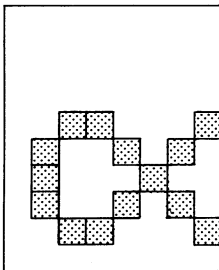
SOFTWARE CHARACTER GENERATOR

EF9365 users often think they have a restricted character set : the 96 on-chip character set.

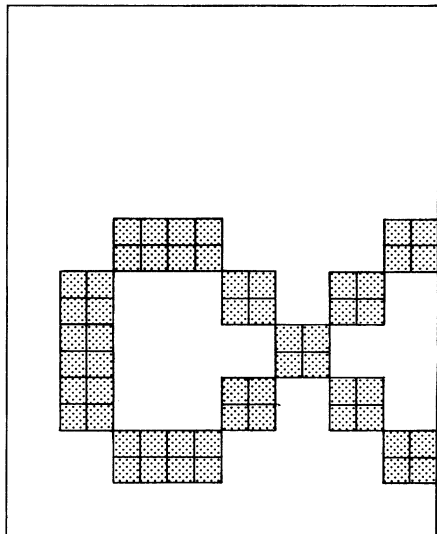
This routine shows that any character set is possible, in any type of matrix.

A scaling factor, in CSIZE register, can be applied to the 8 x 10 matrix chosen in our program (cf fig. 1) on both X and Y sizes independently.

Program reads the matrix and writes corresponding dots on the screen as shown in the algorithm (cf fig. 2), space between characters is included in the 8 x 10 matrix.

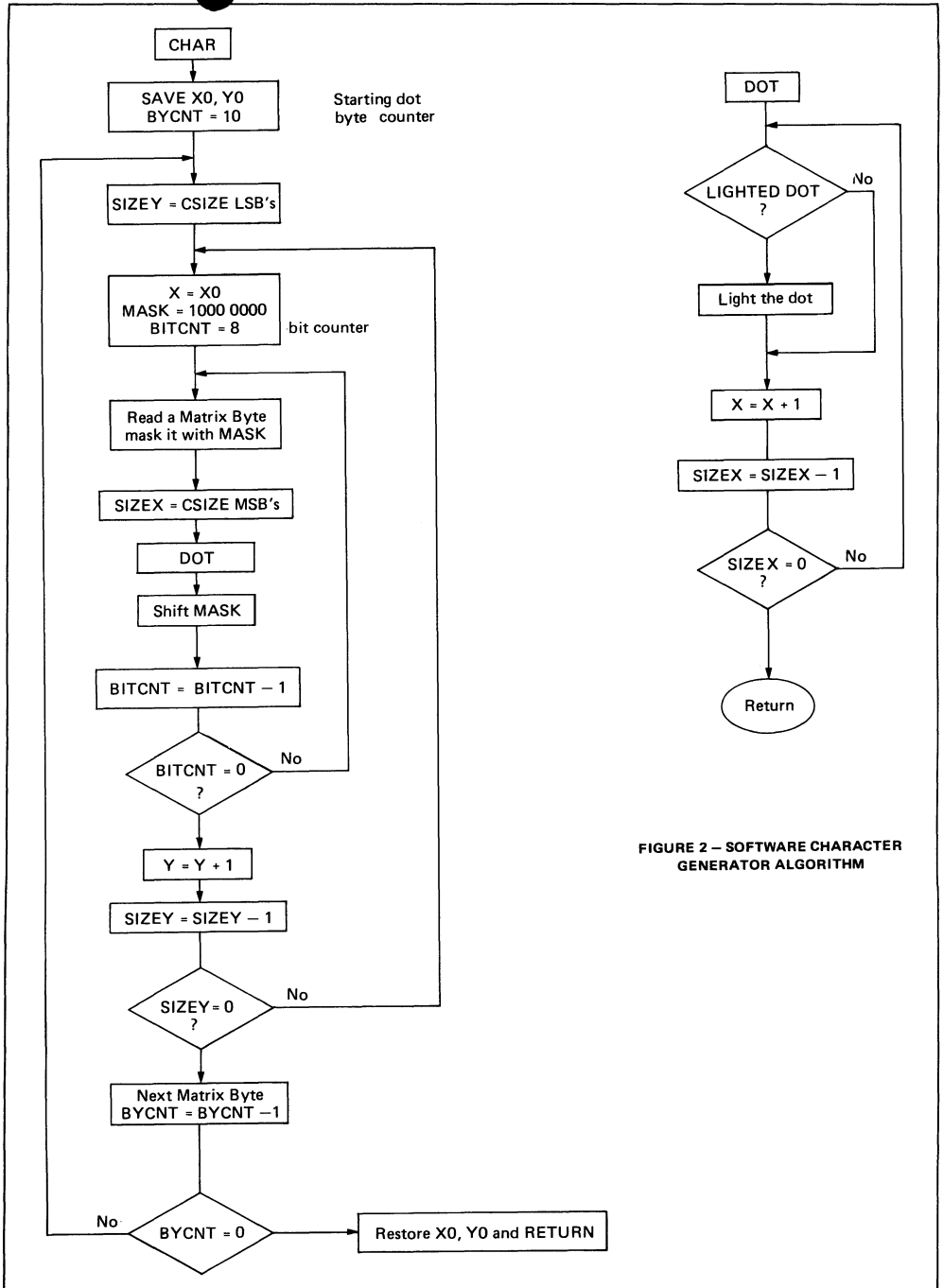


8 x 10 Matrix
Scaling factor on X = 1
on Y = 1



Scaling factor on X = 2
on Y = 2

FIGURE 1 - SCALING FACTOR EFFECT ON 8 x 10 MATRIX



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```

*****
* -----CHARACTER      GENERATION      SUBROUTINE----- *
*****
*
*
*   This subroutine can be used to write any character defined
*   by software.
*   Each character is defined by 10 bytes, allowing a 8 x 10 matrix.
*   First byte is always the image of the character
*   bottom. Last byte is always the image of the character top.
*   Left side of the character is described by MSB's. Right side by
*   LSB's.
*   This subroutine is called on address CHAR by the mean of a
*   JSR CHAR instruction
*   Before you call this subroutine, some actions are to be taken
*   1- The character matrix is defined somewhere in
*   memory by 10 byte table.
*   2- EF9365 or EF9366 registers are correctly
*   initialized.
*   3- X index register of EF6300 processor points to
*   the character matrix.
*****
*
* this subroutine is non-reentrant.
* all registers are modified by this subroutine.
*
*****
*
* EXTERNAL CONDITIONS :
* *****
*
*   INPUT: A and B - no condition
*   X contains the address of the matrix description table
*   OUTPUT: All registers changed
*
*****
*
* Subroutine features:
* *****
*
*   this subroutine executes any character writing .
*   this subroutine takes care of GDP register CSIZE to write.
*   this means that all sizes are available between 1 and 16, on
*   both X and Y directions.
*   X register is automatically incremented and updated so as to
*   point to the next character when subroutine has ended.
*
*   the following features are not implemented:
*   writing along Y axis
*   writing slanted characters.
*
*****

```

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```

*
*      OPT      REL
*
*      XREF     CCOLOR,CTRL1,CTRL2,CSIZE,MSBX,MSBY,CMD
*
*      XDEF     CHAR
*
*****
*MACRO*
*****
* THIS MACRO IS USED TO TEST IF GDP IS READY FOR A NEW COMMAND
*
TEST  MACR
      LDAB CMD
      BITB #S04
      BEQ *-5
      ENDM

```

```

*
*****
*
0000      DSCT
*
0000  0002  A MSAVX  RMB  2      X POSITION SAFEGUARD
0002  0002  A MSAVY  RMB  2      Y POSITION SAFEGUARD
0004  0001  A LITDOT  RMB  1      DOT IMAGE
0005  0001  A SIZEX   RMB  1      X SCALING FACTOR
0006  0001  A SIZEY   RMB  1      Y SCALING FACTOR
0007  0001  A MASK    RMB  1      MASK
0008  0001  A BITCNT  RMB  1      BIT COUNTER
0009  0001  A BYTCNT  RMB  1      BYTE COUNTER
*

```

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0000

PSC T

```

*
*****
* SUBROUTINE USED TO LIGHT OR SWITCH OFF A DOT *
*****
*
* THIS SUBROUTINE WRITES A DOT (LIGHTED OR SWITCHED OFF)
* ACCORDING TO THE X SCALING FACTOR.
* EACH DOT IS REPEATED AS MANY TIMES AS SPECIFIED BY
* X SCALING FACTOR. THIS REPRODUCES THE GDP INTERNAL FUNCTION.
*****

```

```

0000 B6 0004 D DOT LDAA LITDOT IN LITDOT: 0 IF DOT TO BE SWITCHED OFF
* 1 IF DOT TO BE LIGHTED
0003 81 00 A CMPA #$00 O?
0005 27 0C 0013 BEQ SWIOFF IF 0 DOT UNCHANGED
0007 86 80 A LDAA #$80 IF 1, LIGHT ONE DOT COMMAND (SHORT VECTOR CMD)
0009 B7 0000 A STAA CMD
000C TEST
0013 7C 0001 A SWIOFF INC MSBX+1 X INCREMENTATION
0016 26 03 0013 BNE DECSIZ IF #0 NO MSB UPDATING
0018 7C 0000 A INC MSBX IF =0 BORROW ON MSB
001B 7A 0005 D DECSIZ DEC SIZEX X SCALING FACTOR DECREMENTATION
001E 26 E0 0000 BNE DOT IF #0 SAME DOT IS WRITTEN AGAIN
0020 39 RTS

```

```

*
*****
* SUBROUTINE USED TO READ X SCALING FACTOR IN CSIZE REGISTER *
*****

```

```

0021 F6 0000 A READSX LDAB CSIZE 4 MSB's OF CSIZE
0024 0C CLC GIVE THE X SCALING FACTOR
0025 56 RORB FOUR RIGHT SHIFTS GIVE IT
0026 57 ASRB
0027 57 ASRB
0028 57 ASRB
0029 F7 0005 D STAB SIZEX AND WE CAN SAVE IT IN SIZEX VARIABLE
002C 39 RTS

```

```

*
*****
* SUBROUTINE USED TO READ Y SCALING FACTOR IN CSIZE REGISTER *
*****

```

```

002D F6 0000 A READSY LDAB CSIZE
0030 C4 0F A ANDB #$0F CLEAR 4 MSB's OF CSIZE
0032 F7 0006 D STAB SIZEY BEFORE SAVING IT IN SIZEY VARIABLE
0035 39 RTS

```

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```

*****
* -----MAIN SUBROUTINE-----*
*****
* THIS IS THE ENTRY POINT OF THE CHARACTER GENERATOR
*
*****
*

```

```

0036 P CHAR EQU *
0036 B6 0001 A LDAA MSBY+1 Y POSITION SAFEGUARD IN MSAVY
0039 B7 0003 D STAA MSAVY+1
003C B6 0000 A LDAA MSBY
003F B7 0002 D STAA MSAVY
0042 B6 0000 A LDAA MSBX X POSITION SAFEGUARD
0045 B7 0000 D STAA MSAVX
0048 B6 0001 A LDAA MSBX+1
004B B7 0001 D STAA MSAVX+1
004E 86 0A A LDAA #80A 10 BYTES COUNTER
0050 B7 0009 D STAA BYTCNT INITIALISATION
0053 P LOOP1 EQU * ALL MATRIX BYTES WILL BE WRITTEN
* AS SPECIFIED BY CSIZE REGISTER
0053 BD 002D P JSR READSY Y SCALING FACTOR INITIALISATION
0056 P LOOP2 EQU * EACH BYTE IS WRITTEN AS MANY TIMES
* AS SPECIFIED IN SIZEY
0056 B6 0000 D LDAA MSAVX X POSITION INITIALISATION
0059 B7 0000 A STAA MSBX
005C B6 0001 D LDAA MSAVX+1
005F B7 0001 A STAA MSBX+1
0062 86 80 A LDAA #80 MASK:10000000 THIS BYTE IS USED
0064 B7 0007 D STAA MASK TO TEST EACH BIT OF A MATRIX BYTE
0067 86 08 A LDAA #808 8 BIT COUNTER INITIALISATION
0069 B7 0008 D STAA BITCNT
006C P LOOP3 EQU * EACH BIT IS WRITTEN AS MANY TIMES
* AS SPECIFIED IN SIZEZ
006C A6 00 A LDAA O,X MATRIX BYTE
006E B4 0007 D ANDA MASK BIT TEST
0071 B7 0004 D STAA LITDOT COMMAND BIT SETTING
0074 BD 0021 P JSR READSX X SCALING FACTOR READING
0077 BD 0000 P JSR DOT DOT ON OR OFF ACCORDING TO LITDOT
007A 0C CLC
007B 76 0007 D ROR MASK MASK BYTE UPDATING TO ACCESS NEXT DOT
007E 7A 0008 D DEC BITCNT IF #0 NEXT BIT
0081 26 E9 006C BNE LOOP3 IF =0 EXIT FROM LOOP3
0083 7C 0001 A INC MSBY+1 UPDATES Y POSITION
0086 7A 0006 D DEC SIZEY
0089 26 CB 0056 BNE LOOP2 IF #0 SAME BYTE IS WRITTEN AGAIN
008B 08 INX IF =0 EXIT FROM LOOP2 AND TAKE NEXT BYTE
008C 7A 0009 D DEC BYTCNT UPDATES BYTE COUNTER
008F 26 C2 0053 BNE LOOP1 IF #0 CONTINUE
0091 B6 0002 D LDAA MSAVY IF =0 CHARACTER GENERATION IS DONE,EXIT
0094 B7 0000 A STAA MSBY RESTORE Y POSITION
0097 B6 0003 D LDAA MSAVY+1
009A B7 0001 A STAA MSBY+1
009D 39 RTS

```

```

*****
*   EXAMPLE FOR MATRIX PROGRAMMING   *
*****
* WE GIVE HERE ALL GREEK LETTERS DEFINED AS NECESSARY
* TO SUIT WITH CHARGEN SUBROUTINE.
* NB: OMEGA IS GIVEN IN BOTH LOWER AND UPPER CASE
*****
ALPHA FDB $0031,$4A44,$4A31,$0000,$0000
*
BETA FDB $0040,$2020,$3C22,$223C,$223C
*
GAMA FDB $0030,$3030,$1013,$1412,$6100
*
DELTA FDB $0030,$4848,$3020,$4040,$4830
*
EPSILO FDB $0018,$2040,$7840,$2018,$0000
*
DZETA FDB $0018,$0438,$4040,$2010,$0E16
*
TETA FDB $0018,$2442,$427E,$4242,$2418
*
ETA FDB $0002,$0202,$1212,$1252,$2C00
*
IOTA FDB $0030,$4840,$4040,$4000,$0000
*
KAPPA FDB $0044,$4A50,$6050,$4840,$0000
*
LANDA FDB $0042,$2418,$1010,$1010,$2040
*
MU FDB $0040,$4040,$7448,$4848,$4800
*
NU FDB $0020,$3028,$2422,$6200,$0000
*
KSI FDB $000C,$023C,$4020,$1820,$1C08
*
OMICRO FDB $0018,$2442,$4224,$1800,$0000
*
PI FDB $0014,$1414,$1454,$3F00,$0000
*
RO FDB $0040,$4040,$5864,$4224,$1800
*
SIGMA FDB $0000,$1824,$4224,$1F00,$0000
*
THO FDB $0008,$0808,$0848,$3F00,$0000
*
UMICRO FDB $0018,$2424,$2424,$6200,$0000
*
PHI FDB $0010,$1038,$5454,$5438,$1010
*
KI FDB $0023,$1408,$1462,$0000,$0000
*
PSI FDB $0008,$0808,$1C2A,$2A2A,$4908
*
OMEGA FDB $0036,$4949,$4941,$2200,$0000
*
OMEGAM FDB $0063,$2222,$4141,$4122,$1C00
*

```

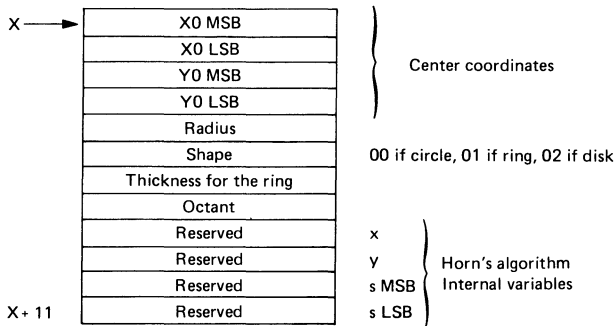

SOFTWARE CIRCLE, RING, AND DISK GENERATOR

The following program is based on Horn's algorithm (see figure 3). It allows radius values from 0 to FF (hexadecimal). The center of the circles, disks or rings can be placed anywhere within the 12 bits computing space of the GDP.

Two versions are given : the first is working with the EF9365 (square pixel), the second is working with the EF9366 (Pixel Height is twice Pixel width). Only one subroutine changes : PL0365 becomes PL0366 subroutine.

In the program, the three algorithms, which are very similar, are mixed and a test is done each time an operation is particular to one type of drawing.

The circle, ring and disk generator needs a list of parameters given in a 12 bytes RAM table : pointed by X register (of EF6800) for calling sequence.



In byte "octant" are given octants to be lighted :

b0 = 0 octant 0 switched off, b0 = 1 lighted

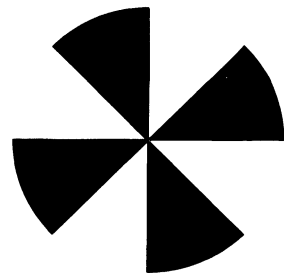
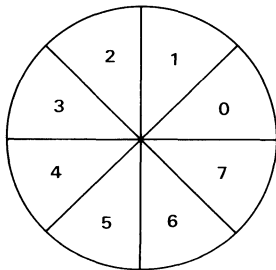
b1 = 0 octant 1 switched off, b1 = 1 lighted.

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⋮

See figure 4 for octant localization.

Octant configuration



Example : Octant = 55 hexadecimal
Shape = 02 (disk).

FIGURE 4

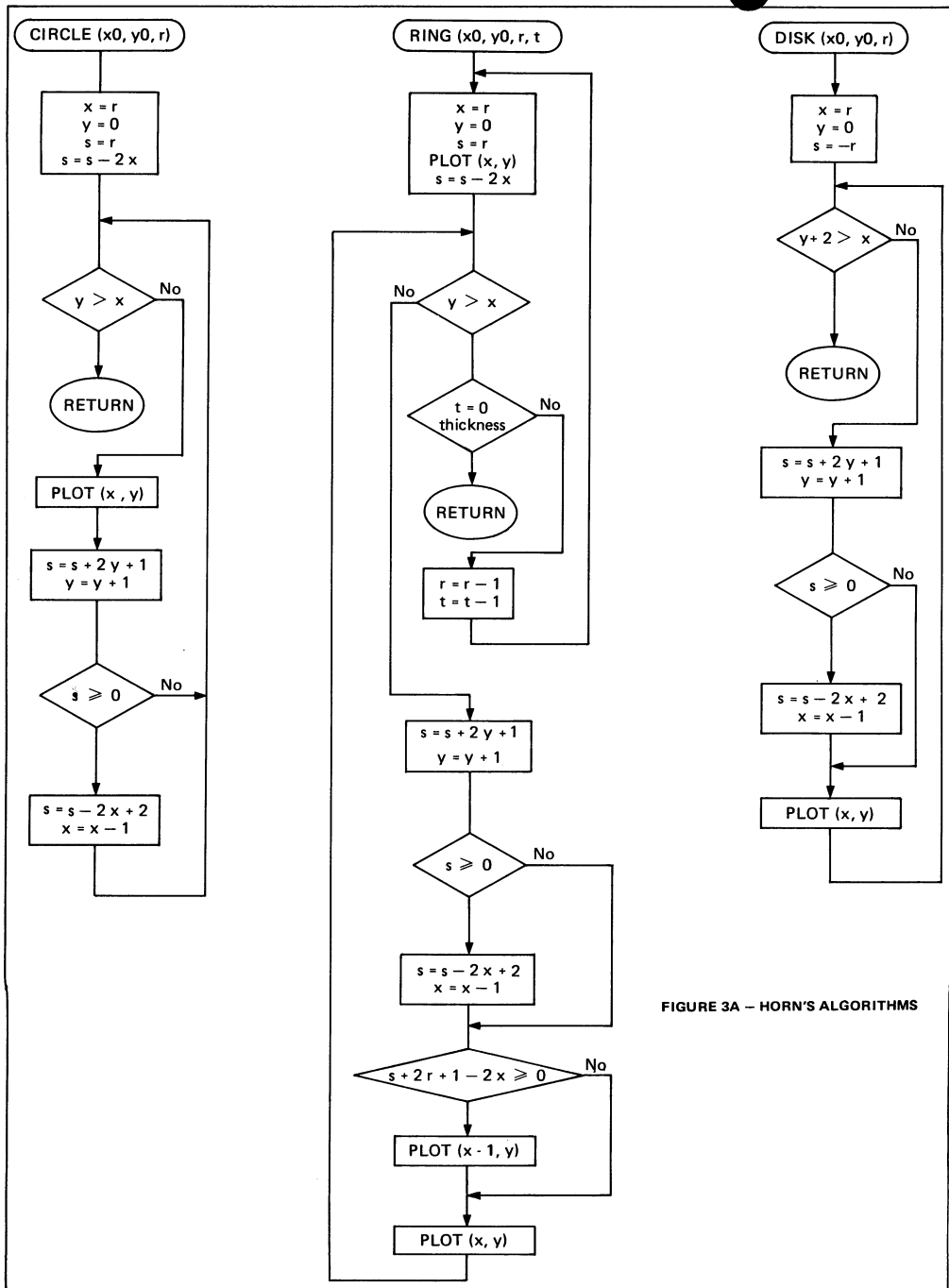


FIGURE 3A - HORN'S ALGORITHMS

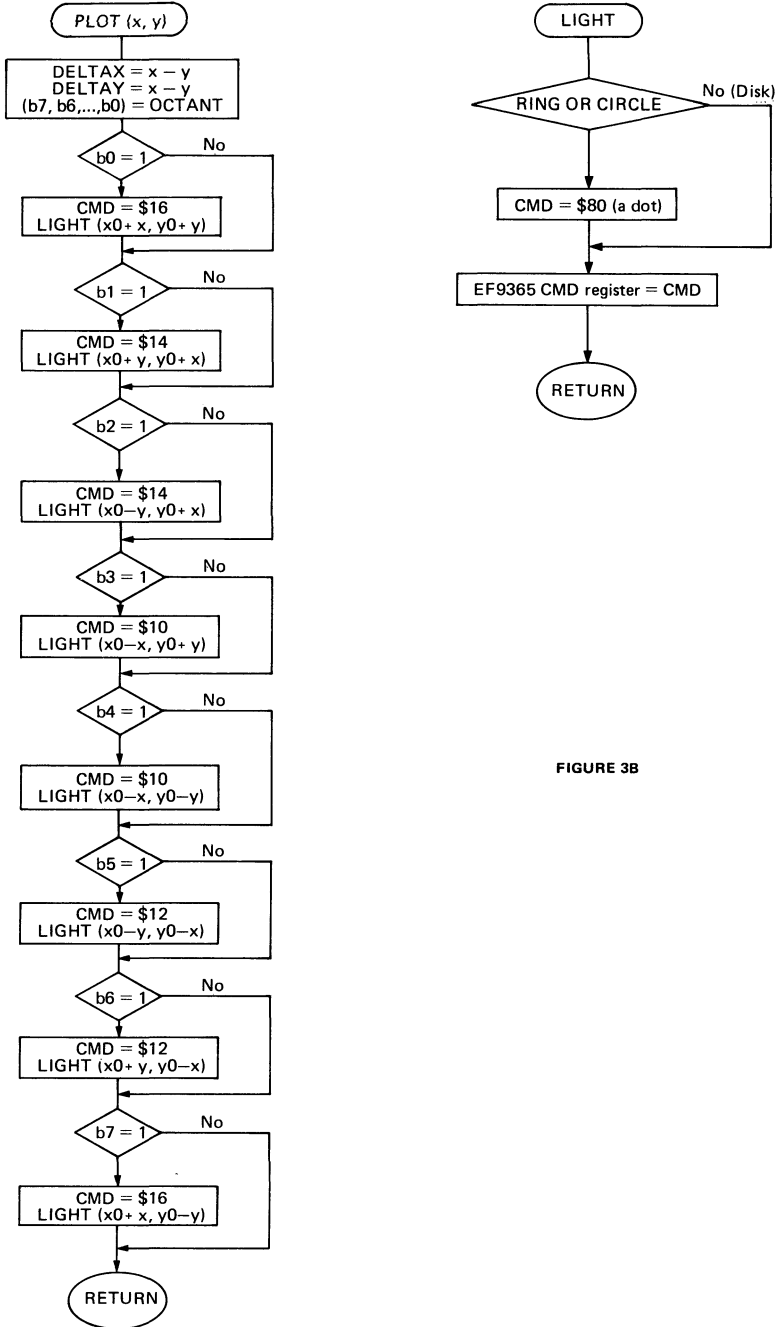


FIGURE 3B

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OPT REL SUBROUTINE GIVEN IN RELOCATABLE FORMAT
*****
XDEF PCIRCL ENTRY POINT
*****
XREF CMD,MSBX,MSBY,DELTAX,DELTAY
*****
* EF9365 OR EF9366 REGISTERS ADDRESSES ARE DEFINED IN THE *
* CALLING PROGRAM *
*****
0000 DSCT
*****
* 2 RAM BYTES ARE RESERVED IN SUBROUTINE AREA SO AS TO SAVE X
* X INITIAL VALUE IS PRESERVED USING THIS RAM LOCATION.
* BECAUSE OF THAT,CIRCLE SUBROUTINE IS NOT REENTRANT.
*****
0000 0002 A SAVX RMB 2
*****
0000 PSCT
*
*
*USEFUL SUBROUTINES*
*****
*
0000 P ADD16 EQU *
*****
*THIS SUBROUTINE ADDS P1 AND P2.
*16 BITS SIGNED PARAMETERS.
*INPUT STACK STATE (BEFORE ADD16 CALLING)
* SP-( )
* ( P1H )
* ( P1L )
* ( P2H )
* ( P2L )
*
*OUTPUT STACK STATE (AFTER RTS)
* ( )
* ( P1H )
* ( P1L )
* ( P2H )
* SP-( P2L )
*WITH RESULT (P1+P2) LSB IN A,AND MSB IN B
*
*****
* NO INPUT CONDITION ON A,B,X REGISTERS.X REGISTER MODIFIED *
* OUTPUT CONDITION:A CONTAINS P1+P2 LSB.B CONTAINS P1+P2 MSB*
*****
0000 30 TSX
0001 A6 03 A LDAA 3,X P1L IN A
0003 AB 05 A ADDA 5,X P1L+P2L IN A
0005 E6 04 A LDAB 4,X P2H IN B
0007 C9 00 A ADCB £$0 P2H+C IN B
0009 EB 02 A ADDB 2,X P1H+P2H

```

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000B EE 00      A      LDX  0,X      RETURN ADDRESS
000D 31                INS
000E 31                INS
000F 31                INS
0010 31                INS
0011 31                INS
0012 31                INS      STACK RESTORED
0013 6E 00      A      JMP  0,X      RETURN FROM SUBROUTINE
*****
0015 P SUB16 EQU  *
*****
*THIS SUBROUTINE SUBTRACTS P2 AND P1
*16 BITS SIGNED PARAMETERS.
*INPUT:STACK STATE IS THE SAME AS
*      INPUT STACK STATE OF ADD16.
*OUTPUT:STACK STATE IS THE SAME AS
*      OUTPUT STACK STATE OF ADD16
*      WITH RESULT=P2-P1.
*****
* NO INPUT CONDITIONS ON A,B,X REGISTERS. X REGISTER MODIFIED*
* OUTPUT CONDITION:A CONTAINS P2-P1 LSB.B CONTAINS P2-P1 MSB*
*****
0015 30                TSX
0016 A6 05      A      LDAA  5,X      P2L IN A
0018 A0 03      A      SUBA  3,X      P2L-P1L IN A
001A E6 04      A      LDAB  4,X      P2H IN B
001C C2 00      A      SBCB  £$0     P2H-C=P2H
001E E0 02      A      SUBB  2,X      P2H-P1H IN B
0020 EE 00      A      LDX  0,X
0022 31                INS
0023 31                INS
0024 31                INS
0025 31                INS
0026 31                INS
0027 31                INS      STACK RESTORED
0028 6E 00      A      JMP  0,X      RETURN FROM SUBROUTINE
002A P ADD1 EQU  *      THIS SUBROUTINE ADDS 1 TO s PARAMETER
*****
002A 6C 0B      A      INC  11,X      sL
002C 26 02 0030 BNE  STOP
002E 6C 0A      A      INC  10,X
0030 39                STOP RTS
0031 P ADXC00 EQU *
*****
*THIS SUBROUTINE CALCULATES G.D.P X COORDINATE
*REGISTER IN ADDING x OR y WITH x0.
*INPUT PARAMETERS: IN A x OR y
0031 5F                CLRB
0032 36                PSHA      x or y IN STACK
0033 37                PSHB      0 IN STACK
0034 A6 01      A      LDAA  1,X      x0L
0036 E6 00      A      LDAB  0,X      x0H
0038 36                PSHA
0039 37                PSHB
003A BD 0000 P      JSR  ADD16    x0+x LSB IN A,x0+x MSB IN B
003D FE 0000 D      LDX  SAVX
0040 F7 0000 A      STAB  MSBX
0043 B7 0001 A      STAA  MSBX+1
0046 39                RTS

```

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*****
0047 P ADYCOO EQU *
*****
*THIS SUBROUTINE CALCULATES G.D.P COORDINATE
*REGISTER IN ADDING x OR y WITH yOL.
*INPUT PARAMETERS:IN A x OR y.
0047 5F          CLRB
0048 36          PSHA          x or y IN STACK
0049 37          PS HB
004A A6 03      A          LDAA 3,X      yOL
004C E6 02      A          LDAB 2,X      yOH
004E 36          PSHA
004F 37          PS HB
0050 BD 0000    P          JSR  ADD16
0053 FE 0000    D          LDX  SAVX
0056 F7 0000    A          STAB MSBY
0059 B7 0001    A          STAA MSBY+1
005C 39          RTS
*****
005D P SUXCOO EQU *
*****
*THIS SUBROUTINE CALCULATES G.D.P X COORDINATE
*REGISTER IN SUBSTRACTING xO WITH x OR y.
*INPUT PARAMETERS:IN A x OR y.
005D E6 01      A          LDAB 1,X      xOL
005F 37          PS HB
0060 E6 00      A          LDAB 0,X      xOH
0062 37          PS HB
0063 5F          CLRB
0064 36          PSHA          x or y in STACK
0065 37          PS HB
0066 BD 0015    P          JSR  SUB16
0069 FE 0000    D          LDX  SAVX
006C F7 0000    A          STAB MSBX
006F B7 0001    A          STAA MSBX+1
0072 39          RTS
*****
0073 P SUYCOO EQU *
*****
*THIS SUBROUTINE CALCULATES G.D.P Y COORDINATE
*REGISTER IN SUBSTRACTING yO WITH x OR y.
*INPUT PARAMETERS:x OR y.
*          X IS PRESERVED.
0073 E6 03      A          LDAB 3,X      yOL
0075 37          PS HB
0076 E6 02      A          LDAB 2,X      yOH
0078 37          PS HB
0079 5F          CLRB
007A 36          PSHA          x or y
007B 37          PS HB
007C BD 0015    P          JSR  SUB16
007F FE 0000    D          LDX  SAVX
0082 F7 0000    A          STAB MSBY
0085 B7 0001    A          STAA MSBY+1
0088 39          RTS

```

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```

*****
0089 P PL0365 EQU *
*****
* THIS SUBROUTINE IS USED BY ALL CIRCLE,RING AND DISK MODES
* ONCE A DOT IS COMPUTED(x AND y),THIS SUBROUTINE LIGHTS
* DOTS ACCORDING TO THE COORDINATES OF THE CIRCLE CENTER.
* 8 DOTS ARE PLOTTED EACH TIME ONE DOT IS COMPUTED.
* DEDUCTION IS DONE BY SYMETRY.
* THIS SUBROUTINE TAKES CARE OF OCT INDICATOR TO KNOW WHICH
* OCTANTS ARE TO BE LIGHTED.
* NO INPUT CONDITION ON A,B REGISTERS
* X REGISTERS MUST CONTAIN THE ADDRESS OF THE PARAMETERS TABLE.
* X IS NOT MODIFIED ON OUTPUT,ALL OTHERS REGISTERS LOST.
*****
0089 A6 08 A LDAA 8,X x
008B A0 09 A SUBA 9,X y x-y
008D B7 0000 A STAA DELTAX
0090 B7 0000 A STAA DELTAY
0093 A6 07 A LDAA 7,X OCTANT
0095 85 01 A BITA £$1
0097 27 0F 00A8 BEQ OCT2
*****FIRST OCTANT*****
0099 A6 08 A LDAA 8,X x
009B BD 0031 P JSR ADXCOO x+x0
009E A6 09 A LDAA 9,X y
00A0 BD 0047 P JSR ADYCOO y+y0
00A3 86 16 A LDAA £$16
00A5 BD 013C P JSR LIGHT
00A8 A6 07 A OCT2 LDAA 7,X
00AA 85 02 A BITA £$2
00AC 27 0F 00BD BEQ OCT3
*****SECOND OCTANT*****
00AE A6 09 A LDAA 9,X y
00B0 BD 0031 P JSR ADXCOO y+x0
00B3 A6 08 A LDAA 8,X x
00B5 BD 0047 P JSR ADYCOO x+y0
00B8 86 14 A LDAA £$14
00BA BD 013C P JSR LIGHT
00BD A6 07 A OCT3 LDAA 7,X
00BF 85 04 A BITA £$4
00C1 27 0F 00D2 BEQ OCT4
*****THIRD OCTANT*****
00C3 A6 09 A LDAA 9,X y
00C5 BD 005D P JSR SUXCOO x0-y
00C8 A6 08 A LDAA 8,X x
00CA BD 0047 P JSR ADYCOO x+y0
00CD 86 14 A LDAA £$14
00CF BD 013C P JSR LIGHT

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00D2 A6 07 A OCT4 LDAA 7,X
00D4 85 08 A BITA £$8
00D6 27 0F 00E7 BEQ OCT5
*****FOURTH OCTANT*****
00D8 A6 08 A LDAA 8,X x
00DA BD 005D P JSR SUXCOO x0-x
00DD A6 09 A LDAA 9,X y
00DF BD 0047 P JSR ADYCOO y+y0
00E2 86 10 A LDAA £$10
00E4 BD 013C P JSR LIGHT
00E7 A6 07 A OCT5 LDAA 7,X
00E9 85 10 A BITA £$10
00EB 27 0F 00FC BEQ OCT6
*****FIFTH OCTANT*****
00ED A6 08 A LDAA 8,X x
00EF BD 005D P JSR SUXCOO x0-x
00F2 A6 09 A LDAA 9,X y
00F4 BD 0073 P JSR SUYCOO y0-y
00F7 86 10 A LDAA £$10
00F9 BD 013C P JSR LIGHT
00FC A6 07 A OCT6 LDAA 7,X
00FE 85 20 A BITA £$20
0100 27 0F 0111 BEQ OCT7
*****SIXTH OCTANT*****
0102 A6 09 A LDAA 9,X y
0104 BD 005D P JSR SUXCOO x0-y
0107 A6 08 A LDAA 8,X x
0109 BD 0073 P JSR SUYCOO y0-x
010C 86 12 A LDAA £$12
010E BD 013C P JSR LIGHT
0111 A6 07 A OCT7 LDAA 7,X
0113 85 40 A BITA £$40
0115 27 0F 0126 BEQ OCT8
*****SEVENTH OCTANT*****
0117 A6 09 A LDAA 9,X y
0119 BD 0031 P JSR ADXCOO x0+y
011C A6 08 A LDAA 8,X x
011E BD 0073 P JSR SUYCOO y0-x
0121 86 12 A LDAA £$12
0123 BD 013C P JSR LIGHT
0126 A6 07 A OCT8 LDAA 7,X
0128 85 80 A BITA £$80
012A 27 0F 013B BEQ ENDPLO
*****EIGHTH OCTANT*****
012C A6 08 A LDAA 8,X
012E BD 0031 P JSR ADXCOO x0+x
0131 A6 09 A LDAA 9,X y
0133 BD 0073 P JSR SUYCOO y0-y
0136 86 16 A LDAA £$16
0138 BD 013C P JSR LIGHT
013B 39 ENDPLO RTS

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013C P LIGHT EQU *

* LIGHT SUBROUTINE LIGHTS A DOT IF IN CERCLE OR RING MODES,
 * AND WRITES A SEGMENT WHEN IN DISK MODE.
 * INPUT PARAMETERS: A REGISTER CONTAINS VECTOR CODE FOR DISK SEGMENT
 * NO CONDITION ON B AND X REGISTERS
 * DELTAX AND DELTAY REGISTERS MUST BE POSITIONNED FOR DISKS
 * X AND Y GDP REGISTERS MUST BE CORRECTLY POSITIONNED.
 * OUTPUT CONDITIONS: A,B REGISTERS MODIFIED, X PRESERVED

```
013C E6 05 A LDAB 5,X
013E C5 02 A BITB £$02 DISK?
0140 26 02 0144 BNE DISK
0142 86 80 A LDAA £$80 COMMAND TO LIGHT A POINT
0144 B7 0000 A DISK STAA CMD COMMAND REGISTER
0147 B6 0000 A TESTSR LDAA CMD STATUS REGISTER
014A 85 04 A BITA £$4
014C 27 F9 0147 BEQ TESTSR
014E 39 RTS
```

014F P PCIRCL EQU * CIRCLE ROUTINE ENTRY POINT

*THIS SUBROUTINE ALLOWS TO DRAW CIRCLE,RING,DISK OR
 *JUST SOME OCTANT OF THOSE ONE.
 *IT CALLS PL0365,LIGHT,ADDIT,SUXCOO,SUYCOO,ADXCOO,ADYCOO,
 *ADD16 AND SUB16 SUBROUTINES.
 *CIRCLE RING AND DISK ARE GENERATED WITH THE PRINCIPLE
 *OF HORN'S ALGORITHM.

*INPUT PARAMETERS:NO CONDITION ON A,B REGISTERS
 * X HAS TO CONTAIN THE ADDRESS OF A 12
 *BYTES MEMORY LOCATION (TABLE):

```
*TABLE-0,X ( x0H )
* 1,X ( x0L )
* 2,X ( y0H ) (x0,y0)CIRCLE,RING OR DISK
* 3,X ( y0L ) CENTER COORDINATE.
* 4,X ( r ) CIRCLE,RING OR DISK RADIUS.
* 5,X ( SHAPE ) 00:CIRCLE,01:RING,02:DISK.
* 6,X ( ) RING'S THICKNESS.
* 7,X ( OCT )
* 8,X ( x )
* 9,X ( y ) x,y,s ARE REQUISITE VARIABLES
* 10,X ( sH ) FOR HORN 'S ALGORITHM.
* 11,X ( sL )
```

*IN BYTE (OCT) b0=0 OCTANTO LIGHT OFF,b0=1 OCTANTO LIGHT ON.

```
* b1=0 1 b1=1 1
```

```
* . .
```

```
* . .
```

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*VARIABLES INITIALISATION:

```

014F FF 0000 D      STX   SAVX
0152 A6 04   A      LDAA  4,X   r
0154 A7 08   A      STAA  8,X   x IS INITIALIZED WITH r.
0156 6F 09   A      CLR   9,X   y IS INITIALIZED WITH 0.
0158 6F 0A   A      CLR  10,X  sH
015A A7 0B   A      STAA 11,X  s IS INITIALISED WITH r.
015C A6 05   A      LDAA  5,X  FORME
015E 27 10 0170 BEQ   BOTH  IF CIRCLE
0160 85 02   A      BITA  £$2
0162 27 09 016D BEQ   RING  IF RING
0164 60 0B   A      NEG  11,X
0166 86 FF   A      LDAA  £$FF
0168 A7 0A   A      STAA 10,X
016A 7E 022C P      JMP   OUTDEF  IF DISK
016D BD 0089 P RING JSR   PLO365  PLOT(x,y) WITH (x,y)=(r,0)
*****s=s-2x*****
0170 E6 0B   A BOTH LDAB 11,X  sL
0172 37     PSHB
0173 E6 0A   A      LDAB 10,X  sH
0175 37     PSHB
0176 0C     CLC
0177 5F     CLRB
0178 A6 08   A      LDAA  8,X   x
017A 48     ASLA  2xL IN A
017B C9 00   A      ADCB  £0   2xH IN B
017D 36     PSHA
017E 37     PSHB
017F BD 0015 P      JSR   SUB16
0182 FE 0000 D      LDX  SAVX
0185 E7 0A   A      STAB 10,X  s-2x MSB IN sH
0187 A7 0B   A      STAA 11,X  s-2x LSB IN sL
0189 A6 09   A TESTYX LDAA  9,X   y IN A
018B E6 05   A      LDAB  5,X
018D C5 02   A      BITB  £$02
018F 27 02 0193 BEQ   SUITST
0191 8B 02   A      ADDA  £$2
0193 A1 08   A SUITST CMPA  8,X   x
0195 23 03 019A BLS  AFTER  IF y.LE.x AFTER
0197 7E 0232 P      JMP   ENDP  IF y.GT.x LAHAUT
019A A6 05   A AFTER LDAA  5,X  FORME
019C 26 03 01A1 BNE  NOCIRC  RING
019E BD 0089 P      JSR   PLO365

```

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```

*****s=s+2y+1*****
01A1 0C          NOCIRC CLC
01A2 5F          CLR B
01A3 A6 09      A      LDAA 9,X      y
01A5 48          ASLA      2yL IN A
01A6 C9 00      A      ADCB £0      2yH IN B
01A8 36          PSHA
01A9 37          PSHB
01AA A6 0B      A      LDAA 11,X     sL
01AC 36          PSHA
01AD A6 0A      A      LDAA 10,X     sH
01AF 36          PSHA
01B0 BD 0000    P      JSR  ADD16
01B3 FE 0000    D      LDX  SAVX
01B6 E7 0A      A      STAB 10,X     s+2y MSB IN sH
01B8 A7 0B      A      STAA 11,X     s+2y LSB IN sL
01BA BD 002A    P      JSR  ADDIT    s=s+1

*****y=y+1*****
01BD 6C 09      A      INC 9,X
01BF A6 0A      A      LDAA 10,X     sH
01C1 2B 27 01EA BMI  TSFORM    IF s.LT.0 TESTYX

*****s=s-2x+2*****
01C3 A6 0B      A      LDAA 11,X     sL
01C5 36          PSHA
01C6 A6 0A      A      LDAA 10,X     sH
01C8 36          PSHA
01C9 0C          CLC
01CA 5F          CLR B
01CB A6 08      A      LDAA 8,X      x
01CD 48          ASLA      2xL IN A
01CE C9 00      A      ADCB £0      2xH IN B
01D0 36          PSHA
01D1 37          PSHB
01D2 BD 0015    P      JSR  SUB16
01D5 FE 0000    D      LDX  SAVX
01D8 E7 0A      A      STAB 10,X     s-2x MSB in sH
01DA A7 0B      A      STAA 11,X     s-2x LSB IN sL
01DC BD 002A    P      JSR  ADDIT    s=s+1
01DF BD 002A    P      JSR  ADDIT    s=s+1

*****x=x-1*****
01E2 A6 08      A      LDAA 8,X
01E4 80 01      A      SUBA £1
01E6 A7 08      A      STAA 8,X
01E8 25 48 0232 BCS  ENDP
01EA A6 05      A      TSFORM LDAA 5,X
01EC 27 41 022F BEQ  JUMP

```

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```

*****s-2x+2r+1*****
01EE 85 01 A CIRCNO BITA £$01
01FO 27 3A 022C BEQ OUTDEF
01F2 E6 0B A LDAB 11,X sL
01F4 37 PSHB
01F5 E6 0A A LDAB 10,X sH
01F7 37 PSHB
01F8 0C CLC
01F9 5F CLRB
01FA A6 08 A LDAA 8,X xL
01FC 48 ASLA 2xL IN A
01FD C9 00 A ADCB £0 2xH IN B
01FF 36 PSHA
0200 37 PSHB
0201 BD 0015 P JSR SUB16 s-2x
0204 FE 0000 D LDX SAVX
0207 36 PSHA
0208 37 PSHB
0209 5F CLRB
020A A6 04 A LDAA 4,X r
020C 48 ASLA 2rL IN A
020D C9 00 A ADCB £0 2rH IN B
020F 36 PSHA
0210 37 PSHB
0211 BD 0000 P JSR ADD16 s-2x+2r
0214 FE 0000 D LDX SAVX
0217 8B 01 A ADDA £$1 s-2x+2r+1 LSB IN A
0219 C9 00 A ADCB £0 s-2x+2r+1 MSB IN B
021B C5 80 A BITB £$80
021D 26 0D 022C BNE OUTDEF
021F E6 08 A LDAB 8,X
0221 C0 01 A SUBB £1
0223 E7 08 A STAB 8,X
0225 25 03 022A BCS IFNEG
0227 BD 0089 P JSR PLO365 (x-1,y)
022A 6C 08 A IFNEG INC 8,X
022C BD 0089 P OUTDEF JSR PLO365 (x,y)
022F 7E 0189 P JUMP JMP TESTYX
0232 A6 06 A ENDP LDAA 6,X EPAISSEUR
0234 27 11 0247 BEQ ENDRIN
0236 6A 06 A DEC 6,X
0238 6A 04 A DEC 4,X r-1
023A A6 04 A LDAA 4,X
023C A7 08 A STAA 8,X
023E A7 0B A STAA 11,X
0240 6F 09 A CLR 9,X
0242 6F 0A A CLR 10,X
0244 7E 014F P JMP PCIRCL
0247 39 ENDRIN RTS
END

```

TOTAL ERRORS 00000-00000

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00E5 P PLO366 EQU *

* THIS SUBROUTINE IS EQUIVALENT TO PLO365 SUBROUTINE BUT
 * WORKS WITH EF9366 CIRCUIT.ALL Y COORDINATES ARE DIVIDED BY TWO
 * BEFORE PLOTTING THE VECTOR SO AS TO GET A CIRCLE.

00E5 A6 08 A LDAA 8,X x
 00E7 A0 09 A SUBA 9,X y x-y
 00E9 B7 F825 A STAA DELTAX
 00EC 0C CLC DIVIDE BY 2
 00ED 44 LSRA
 00EE B7 F827 A STAA DELTAY
 00F1 A6 07 A LDAA 7,X OCTANT
 00F3 85 01 A BITA £\$1
 00F5 27 10 0107 BEQ OCT2

*****FIRST OCTANT*****

00F7 A6 08 A LDAA 8,X x
 00F9 BD 0081 P JSR ADXCOO x+x0
 00FC A6 09 A LDAA 9,X Y
 00FE 44 LSRA y/2
 00FF BD 009A P JSR ADYCOO y+y0
 0102 86 16 A LDAA £\$16
 0104 BD 01A3 P JSR LIGHT
 0107 A6 07 A OCT2 LDAA 7,X
 0109 85 02 A BITA £\$2
 010B 27 10 0110 BEQ OCT3

*****SECOND OCTANT*****

010D A6 09 A LDAA 9,X y
 010F BD 0081 P JSR ADXCOO y+x0
 0112 A6 08 A LDAA 8,X x
 0114 44 LSRA x/2
 0115 BD 009A P JSR ADYCOO x+y0
 0118 86 14 A LDAA £\$14
 011A BD 01A3 P JSR LIGHT
 011D A6 07 A OCT3 LDAA 7,X
 011F 85 04 A BITA £\$4
 0121 27 10 0133 BEQ OCT4

*****THIRD OCTANT*****

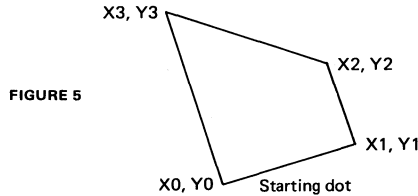
0123 A6 09 A LDAA 9,X y
 0125 BD 0083 P JSR SUXCOO x0-y
 0128 A6 08 A LDAA 8,X x
 012A 44 LSRA x/2
 012B BD 009A P JSR ADYCOO x+y0
 012E 86 14 A LDAA £\$14
 0130 BD 01A3 P JSR LIGHT

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0133	A6	07	A	OCT4	LDAA	7,X	
0135	85	08	A		BITA	£\$8	
0137	27	10	0149		BEQ	OCT5	
*****FOURTH OCTANT*****							
0139	A6	08	A		LDAA	8,X	x
013B	BD	00B3	P		JSR	SUXCOO	x0-x
013E	A6	09	A		LDAA	9,X	y
0140	44				LSRA		y/2
0141	BD	009A	P		JSR	ADYCOO	y+y0
0144	86	10	A		LDAA	£\$10	
0146	BD	01A3	P		JSR	LIGHT	
0149	A6	07	A	OCT5	LDAA	7,X	
014B	85	10	A		BITA	£\$10	
014D	27	11	0160		BEQ	OCT6	
*****FIFTH OCTANT*****							
014F	A6	08	A		LDAA	8,X	x
0151	BD	00B3	P		JSR	SUXCOO	x0-x
0154	A6	09	A		LDAA	9,X	y
0156	0C				CLC		
0157	44				LSRA		x/2
0158	BD	00CC	P		JSR	SUYCOO	y0-y
015B	86	10	A		LDAA	£\$10	
015D	BD	01A3	P		JSR	LIGHT	
0160	A6	07	A	OCT6	LDAA	7,X	
0162	85	20	A		BITA	£\$20	
0164	27	10	0176		BEQ	OCT7	
*****SIXTH OCTANT*****							
0166	A6	09	A		LDAA	9,X	y
0168	BD	00B3	P		JSR	SUXCOO	x0-y
016B	A6	08	A		LDAA	8,X	x
016D	44				LSRA		x/2
016E	BD	00CC	P		JSR	SUYCOO	y0-x
0171	86	12	A		LDAA	£\$12	
0173	BD	01A3	P		JSR	LIGHT	
0176	A6	07	A	OCT7	LDAA	7,X	
0178	85	40	A		BITA	£\$40	
017A	27	10	018C		BEQ	OCT8	
*****SEVENTH OCTANT*****							
017C	A6	09	A		LDAA	9,X	y
017E	BD	0081	P		JSR	ADXC00	x0+y
0181	A6	08	A		LDAA	8,X	x
0183	44				LSRA		x/2
0184	BD	00CC	P		JSR	SUYCOO	y0-x
0187	86	12	A		LDAA	£\$12	
0189	BD	01A3	P		JSR	LIGHT	
018C	A6	07	A	OCT8	LDAA	7,X	
018E	85	80	A		BITA	£\$80	
0190	27	10	01A2		BEQ	ENDPLO	
*****EIGHT OCTANT*****							
0192	A6	08	A		LDAA	8,X	x
0194	BD	0081	P		JSR	ADXC00	x0+x
0197	A6	09	A		LDAA	9,X	y
0199	44				LSRA		y/2
019A	BD	00CC	P		JSR	SUYCOO	y0-y
019D	86	16	A		LDAA	£\$16	
019F	BD	01A3	P		JSR	LIGHT	
01A2	39				ENDPLO	RTS	

QUADRILATERAL GENERATOR

The following program may be used to generate any convex quadrilateral. This quadrilateral can be filled or not. The quadrilateral is described by giving its four apexes beginning from the lowest dot of the quadrilateral and going anti-clockwise (see figure 5).



Because internal vector generator is able to draw vectors with only a 256 dots length, we choosed to draw the quadrilateral using software Bresenham Algorithm allowing X , Y , ΔX and ΔY to be 12 bits signed numbers.

Principle of the filling algorithm is as simple as possible.

The program draws from the starting dot in two direction from (X_0, Y_0) to (X_1, Y_1) (right side) and from (X_0, Y_0) to (X_3, Y_3) (left side). Each time a dot with a new Y coordinate is found on the right side, the dot with the same Y coordinate is computed on the left side.

Both dots are then bound together using internal vector generator. This principle is repeated until the highest dot is reached.

Figure 6 describes Bresenham algorithm

Figure 7 describes the detailed quadrilateral generator algorithm.

Calling sequence :

Before calling the QUADRI subroutine a 17 byte table must be positionned (figure 8).

INDIC	
X0	MSB
X0	LSB
Y0	MSB
Y0	LSB
X1	MSB
X1	LSB
Y1	MSB
Y1	LSB
X2	MSB
X2	LSB
Y2	MSB
Y2	LSB
X3	MSB
X3	LSB
Y3	MSB
Y3	LSB

X + 16 →

FIGURE 8 – PARAMETER TABLE

X register must point to the top of the table.

BRESENHAM ALGORITHM

The segment is defined by its origin X_0, Y_0 and its projections on x and y axis, $\Delta X, \Delta Y$.
In order to make it clearer, we suppose $X_0 = Y_0 = 0$ and $\Delta X \geq \Delta Y \geq 0$.

```

BEGIN      X = 0 ; Y = 0 ; S = -  $\frac{\Delta X}{2}$ 

          WHILE      X <  $\Delta X$   DO

              BEGIN      BLACK (X, Y) ;
                          X = X + 1 ;
                          S = S +  $\Delta Y$  ;
                          if S  $\geq$  0 THEN
                              BEGIN  Y = Y + 1 ;
                                      S = S -  $\Delta X$ 
                              END
                          END
          END.
  
```

BLACK (X, Y) plots the dot with X and Y coordinates.

FIGURE 6

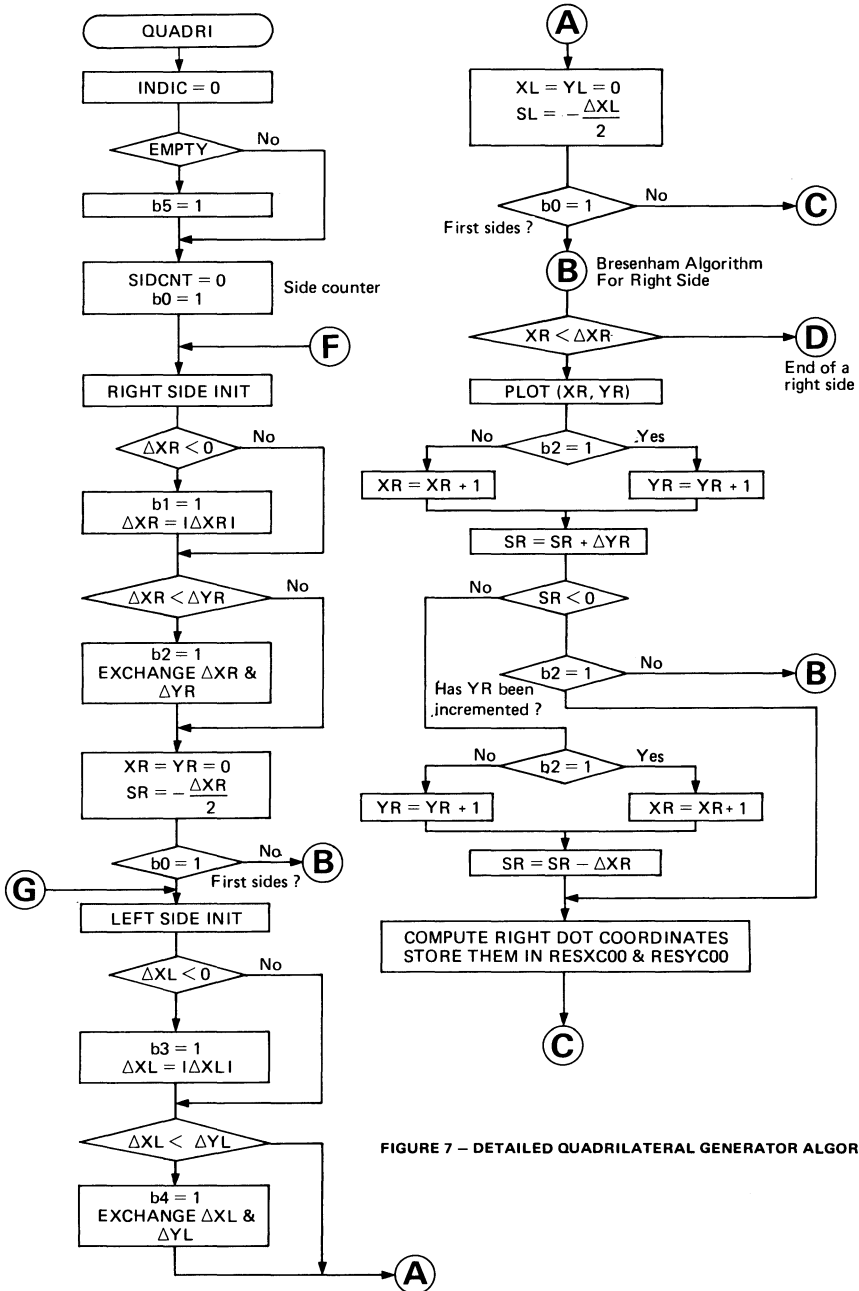


FIGURE 7 - DETAILED QUADRILATERAL GENERATOR ALGORITHM

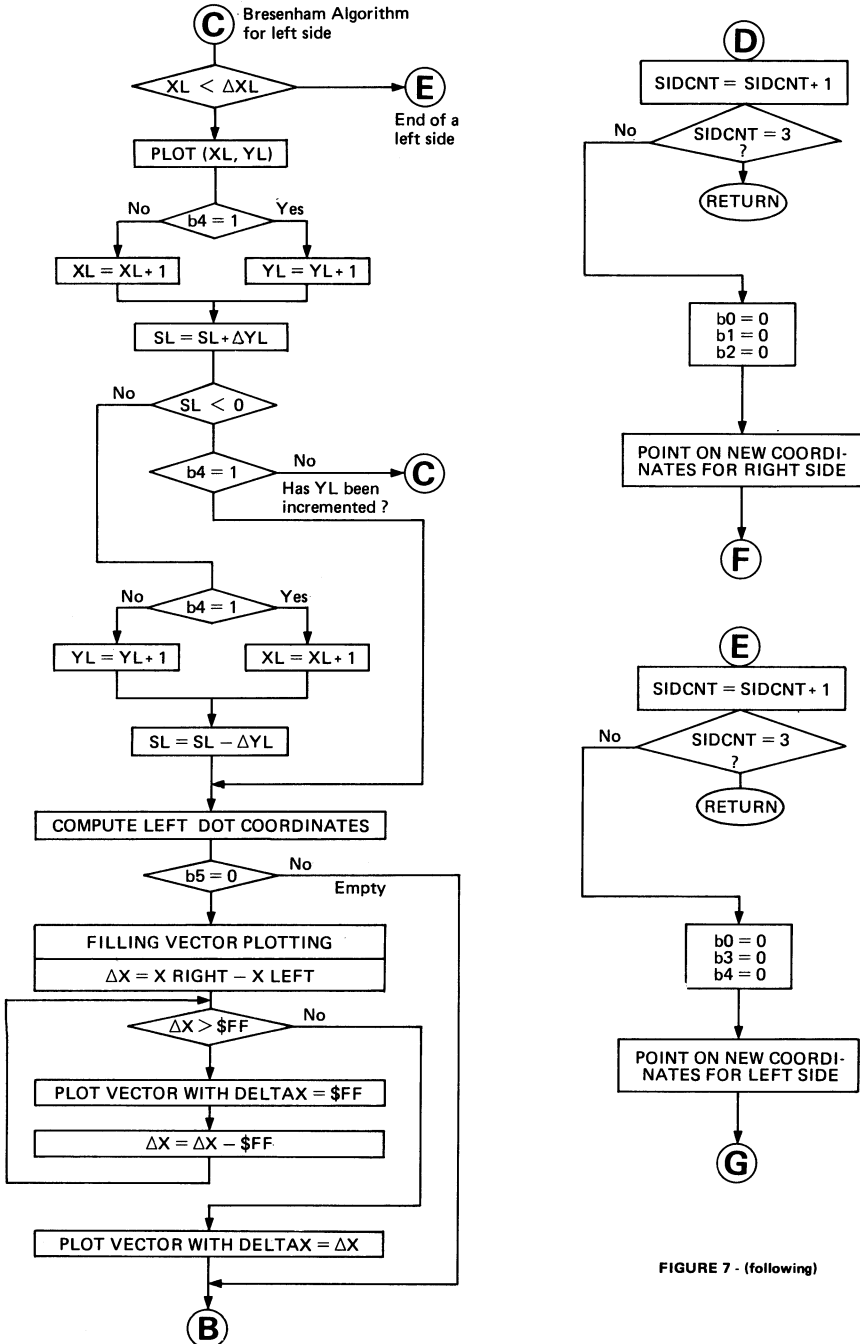


FIGURE 7 - (following)

001 QUADRO .SA:0

```

OPT REL RELOCATABLE FORMAT
XREF CMD,MSBX,MSBY,DELTA,X,DELTA,Y EF9365 EXTERNALLY DEFINED
XDEF QUADRI ENTRY POINT
DSCF THIS PROGRAM NEEDS THE FOLLOWING PARAMETERS
0002 A SAVEX RMB 2 X EF6800 REGISTER IS SAVED HERE
0001 A SIDCNT RMB 1 SIDE COUNTER
0001 A INDIC RMB 1 FLAGS REGISTER
0002 A XR RMB 2 BRESENHAM ALGORITHM PARAMETERS
0002 A YR RMB 2 FOR RIGHT SIDE
0002 A SR RMB 2
0002 A DXR RMB 2
0002 A DYR RMB 2
0002 A XL RMB 2 BRESENHAM ALGORITHM VARIABLES
0002 A YL RMB 2 FOR LEFT SIDE
0002 A SL RMB 2
0002 A DXL RMB 2
0002 A DYL RMB 2
0002 A RESXCO RMB 2 X AND Y COORDINATES FOR RSIDE DOT
0002 A RESYCO RMB 2 FOR TEMPORARY STORAGE
PSCT
*****
*SOME USEFUL SUBROUTINES*
*****
0000 P TRACE EQU * SEND COMMAND TO EF9365 AND TEST IF READY
*INPUT:A CONTAINS COMMAND TO BE SENT TO GDP
*OUTPUT:A MODIFIED,ALL OTHER REGISTERS UNCHANGED
B7 0000 A STAA CMD
B6 0000 A TEST LDAA CMD
B5 04 A BITA £$04
27 F9 0003 BEQ TEST
39 RTS
000B P ADD16 EQU * 16 BITS ADDITION.PARAMETERS IN STACK
*INPUT STACK STATE(BEFORE CALLING)
* SP-( )
* ( P1H )
* ( P1L )
* ( P2H )
* ( P2L )
* NO CONDITION ON A,B,X
*OUTPUT:A CONTAINS P1+P2 MSB
* B CONTAINS P1+P2 LSB
* X MODIFIED
30 TSX
E6 03 A LDAB 3,X P1L
EB 05 A ADDB 5,X P1L+P2L IN B
A6 04 A LDAA 4,X P2H
89 00 A ADCA £$0 P2H+C
AB 02 A ADDA 2,X P1H+P2H IN A
31 INS RESTORE STACK POINTER
31 INS
31 INS
31 INS
31 INS
EE 00 A LDX 0,X RETURN ADDRESS
6E 00 A JMP 0,X RETURN FROM SUBROUTINE

```

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```

0020 P SUB16 EQU * 16 BITS SUBTRACTION
- *SAME METHOD AS ADD16.RESULT IS P2-P1
30 TSX
E6 05 A LDAB 5,X P2L
E0 03 A SUBB 3,X P2L-P1L IN B
A6 04 A LDAA 4,X P2H
82 00 A SBCA £$0 P2H-C
A0 02 A SUBA 2,X P2H-P1H IN A
31 INS RESTORE STACK POINTER
31 INS
31 INS
31 INS
31 INS
EE 00 A LDX 0,X RETURN ADDRESS
6E 00 A JMP 0,X RETURN FROM SUBROUTINE
0035 P VALABS EQU * ABSOLUTE VALUE OF A 12 BITS NUMBER.
*INPUT: A CONTAINS NUMBER MSB
* B ----- LSB
*OUTPUT: A CONTAINS RESULT MSB
* B ----- LSB
43 COMA 1 COMPLEMENT
53 COMB 1 COMPLEMENT
5C INCB 2 COMPLEMENT FOR LSB
26 01 003B BNE VALEND NO CARRY
4C INCA IF LSB =0
84 0F A VALEND ANDA £$0F 12 BITS RESULT
39 RTS
003E P CALCUO EQU * DX AND DY CALCULATION
*INPUT:NO CONDITION ON A,B
* X CONTAINS ADDRESS IN TABLE FOR THE END OF THE VECTOR.
* (X POINTS ON XH FOR DX CALCULATION,ON YH FOR DY CALCULATION)
*OUTPUT: A CONTAINS RESULT MSB
* B ----- LSB
A6 05 A LDAA 5,X X1H OR Y1H (OR X2H,OR...)
E6 06 A LDAB 6,X X1L OR Y1L (OR X2L,OR...)
37 PSHB
36 PSHA
A6 01 A LDAA 1,X X0H OR Y0H (OR X1H,OR...)
E6 02 A LDAB 2,X X0L RO Y0L (OR X1L,OR...)
37 PSHB
36 PSHA
FF 0000 D STX SAVEX
BD 0020 P JSR SUB16 X1-X0(OR X2-X1,OR X3-X2)
FE 0000 D LDX SAVEX
84 0F A ANDA £$0F 12 BITS RESULT
39 RTS

```

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	0056	P	CALCU1	EQU	*		SAME AS CALCU0 FOR X3-X0 OR Y3-Y0 CALCULATION
A6	0D	A		LDAA	13,X		X3H OR Y3H
E6	0E	A		LDAB	14,X		X3L OR Y3L
37				PSHB			
36				PSHA			
A6	01	A		LDAA	1,X		X0H OR Y0H
E6	02	A		LDAB	2,X		X0L OR Y0L
37				PSHB			
36				PSHA			
FF	0000	D		STX	SAVEX		
BD	0020	P		JSR	SUB16	X3-X0	
FE	0000	D		LDX	SAVEX		
84	0F	A		ANDA		12 BITS RESULT	
39				RTS			
	006E	P	CALCU2	EQU	*		SAME AS CALCU0 FOR X2-X3 OR Y2-Y3 CALCULATION
A6	09	A		LDAA	9,X		X2H OR Y2H
E6	0A	A		LDAB	10,X		X2L OR Y2L
37				PSHB			
36				PSHA			
A6	0D	A		LDAA	13,X		X3H OR Y3H
E6	0E	A		LDAB	14,X		X3L OR Y3L
37				PSHB			
36				PSHA			
FF	0000	D		STX	SAVEX		
BD	0020	P		JSR	SUB16	X2-X3	
FE	0000	D		LDX	SAVEX		
84	0F	A		ANDA		12 BITS RESULT	
39				RTS			
	0086	P	ADDXR1	EQU	*		XR=XR+1 CALCULATION
7C	0005	D		INC	XR+1		
26	03 008E			BNE	NOC		
7C	0004	D		INC	XR		
39			NOC	RTS			
	008F	P	ADDYR1	EQU	*		YR=YR+1 CALCULATION
7C	0007	D		INC	YR+1		
26	03 0097			BNE	NOC1		
7C	0006	D		INC	YR		
39			NOC1	RTS			
	0098	P	ADDXL1	EQU	*		XL=XL+1 CALCULATION
7C	000F	D		INC	XL+1		
26	03 00A0			BNE	NOC2		
7C	000E	D		INC	XL		
39			NOC2	RTS			
	00A1	P	ADDYL1	EQU	*		YL=YL+1 CALCULATION
7C	0011	D		INC	YL+1		
26	03 00A9			BNE	NOC3		
7C	0010	D		INC	YL		
39			NOC3	RTS			

004 QUADRO .SA:0

```

00AA P PLOT EQU * COMPUTES X AND Y COORDINATES AND PUT THEM IN GDP
* INPUT STACK STATE: SP-( )
* ( YOH )
* ( YOL ) LEFT SIDE ORIGIN
* ( XOH )
* ( XOL )
* ( )
* ( ) RIGHT SIDE ORIGIN
* ( )
* ( )

30 TSX
B6 0003 D LDAA INDIC
85 80 A BITA £$80 IS IT A RSIDE ?
27 14 00C6 BEQ RSIDE0
*LSIDE COORDINATES. BEGIN XO+(OR -)XL CALCULATION*
E6 05 A LDAB 5,X XL LSB
37 PSHB
E6 04 A LDAB 4,X XL MSB
37 PSHB
F6 000F D LDAB XL+1
37 PSHB
F6 000E D LDAB XL
37 PSHB
85 08 A BITA £$08 DXL.LT.0 ?
26 19 00DD BNE ISSUB IF DX.LT.0 THEN XO-XL CALCULATION
20 12 00D8 BRA ISADD IF DX.GE.0 THEN XO+XL CALCULATION
*RSIDE COORDINATES. BEGIN XO+(OR -)XR CALCULATION*
E6 09 A RSIDE0 LDAB 9,X RIGHT SIDE ORIGIN X LSB
37 PSHB
E6 08 A LDAB 8,X MSB
37 PSHB
F6 0005 D LDAB XR+1
37 PSHB
F6 0004 D LDAB XR
37 PSHB
85 02 A BITA £$02 DXR.LT.0 ?
26 05 00DD BNE ISSUB IF DXR.LT.0 THEN XO-XR
BD 000B P ISADD JSR ADD16 IF DXR.GT.0 THEN XO+XR
20 03 00E0 BRA EXIT
BD 0020 P ISSUB JSR SUB16
B7 0000 A EXIT STAA MSBX
F7 0001 A STAB MSBX+1
30 TSX UPDATING X
B6 0003 D LDAA INDIC
85 80 A BITA £$80 IS IT A RIGHT SIDE?
27 10 00FE BEQ RSIDE2
*LSIDE Y COORDINATES.START YO+(OR -)Y CALCULATION
E6 03 A LDAB 3,X LEFT SIDE ORIGIN Y COORDINATE LSB
37 PSHB
E6 02 A LDAB 2,X MSB
37 PSHB
F6 0011 D LDAB YL+1
37 PSHB
F6 0010 D LDAB YL
37 PSHB
20 0E 010C BRA GOMSBY

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005 QUADRO .SA:0

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*RSIDE Y COORDINATES CALCULATION
E6 07  A  RSIDE2 LDAB  7,X  RIGHT SIDE ORIGIN Y COORDINATE LSB
37      PSHB
E6 06  A      LDAB  6,X  MSB
37      PSHB
F6 0007 D      LDAB  YR+1
37      PSHB
F6 0006 D      LDAB  YR
37      PSHB
BD 000B P  GOMSBY JSR   ADD16  YO+Y
B7 0000 A      STAA  MSBY
F7 0001 A      STAB  MSBY+1
FE 0000 D      LDX   SAVEX   RESTORE X AFTER ADD16
39      RTS

```

```

*****
* EMPTY OR FULL QUADRILATERAL GENERATOR *
*****
* THIS SUBROUTINE MAY BE USED TO DRAW ANY QUADRILATERAL
* EACH QUADRILATERAL IS DEFINED BY A 17 BYTE TABLE
* WHICH MUST BE POINTED TO BY X EF6800 REGISTER BEFORE CALLING QUADRI
* TABLE ORGANISATION: 0,X - ( FLAG )      9,X - ( X2H )
*                      1,X - ( X0H )      10,X - ( X2L )
*                      2,X - ( X0L )      11,X - ( Y2H )
*                      3,X - ( Y0H )      12,X - ( Y2L )
*                      4,X - ( Y0L )      13,X - ( X3H )
*                      5,X - ( X1H )      14,X - ( X3L )
*                      6,X - ( X1L )      15,X - ( Y3H )
*                      7,X - ( Y1H )      16,X - ( Y3L )
*                      8,X - ( Y1L )
*
* (X0,Y0) IS THE STARTING DOT OF THE QUADRILATERAL DRAWING
* IT MUST BE THE LOWEST DOT OF THE QUADRILATERAL .
* THEN (X1,Y1),(X2,Y2),(X3,Y3) ARE GIVEN IN RETROGRAD CLOCK WISE.
* QUADRILATERAL MUST BE CONVEX.
* FLAG GIVES THE FULL/EMPTY PARAMETER: FLAG=0 FULL
*                                       FLAG=1 EMPTY
*
* THIS PROGRAM USES A FLAG REGISTER FOR INTERNAL SERVICING
* THIS BYTE IS CALLED INDIC AND IS DEFINED AS FOLLOWS:
* B0=1 FIRST SIDE      B0=0 FOLLOWING SIDES
* B1=0 DXR.GE.0        B1=1 DXR.LT.0
* B2=0 /DXR/.GE.DYR   B2=1 /DXR/.LT.DYR
* B3=0 DXL.GE.0        B3=1 DXL.LT.0
* B4=0 /DXL/.GE.DYL   B4=1 /DXL/.LT.DYL
* B5=0 FULL QUADRILATERAL B5=1 EMPTY QUADRILATERAL
* B6 NOT USED
* B7=0 RIGHT SIDE     B7=1 LEFT SIDE
*
*****

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006 QUADRO .SA:0

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    0119 P QUADRI EQU * ENTRY POINT
    7F 0003 D CLR INDIC
    A6 00 A LDAA 0,X TEST IF EMPTY OR FULL
    27 08 0128 BEQ FULL
    F6 0003 D LDAB INDIC
    CA 20 A ORAB £$20 SET B5 OF INDIC
    F7 0003 D STAB INDIC
    0128 P FULL EQU *
    7F 0002 D CLR SIDCNT INIT SIDE COUNTER
    7C 0003 D NEXT INC INDIC B0=1 FIRST SIDES
    * RIGHT SIDE INIT *
    A6 02 A GRIGHT LDAA 2,X XOL
    36 PSHA
    A6 01 A LDAA 1,X XOH
    36 PSHA
    A6 04 A LDAA 4,X YOL
    36 PSHA
    A6 03 A LDAA 3,X YOH
    36 PSHA
    34 DES
    34 DES
    34 DES DON'T CHANGE LSIDE STARTING DOT
    08 INX
    08 INX
    BD 003E P JSR CALCUO Y1-Y0 COMPUTATION
    B7 000C D STAA DYR
    F7 000D D STAB DYR+1
    09 DEX UPDATING X
    09 DEX
    BD 003E P JSR CALCUO X1-X0 COMPUTATION
    F7 000B D STAB DXR+1
    B7 000A D STAA DXR

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007 QUADRO .SA:0

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*INDIC BYTE SETTING FOR RIGHT SIDE*
85 08   A   RIGHTI  BITA   £$08
27 14 016C BEQ   POSIT   IF DXR.GE.0 NEXT TEST IN POSIT
F6 0003 D   LDAB   INDIC   IF DXR.LT.0 THEN SET B1=1
CA 02   A   ORAB   £$02
F7 0003 D   STAB   INDIC
F6 000B D   LDAB   DXR+1
BD 0035 P   JSR   VALABS  COMPUTE /DXR/
B7 000A D   STAA   DXR
F7 000B D   STAB   DXR+1
B1 000C D POSIT  CMPA   DYR
22 27 0198 BHI   XRYRSR  DXR.GT.DYR
26 05 0178 BNE   EXCH   DXR.LT.DYR
F1 000D D   CMPB   DYR+1
22 20 0198 BHI   XRYRSR  DXR.GT.DYR
B6 0003 D EXCH  LDAA   INDIC   IF DXR.LT.DYR
8A 04   A   ORAA   £$04   THEN SET B2=1
B7 0003 D   STAA   INDIC
B6 000B D   LDAA   DXR+1   EXCHANGE DXR AND DYR FOR BRESENHAM ALGORITHM
F6 000D D   LDAB   DYR+1
B7 000D D   STAA   DYR+1
F7 000B D   STAB   DXR+1
B6 000A D   LDAA   DXR
F6 000C D   LDAB   DYR
B7 000C D   STAA   DYR
F7 000A D   STAB   DXR
7F 0004 D XRYRSR CLR   XR   XR=YR=0 INIT FOR BRESENHAM
7F 0005 D   CLR   XR+1
7F 0007 D   CLR   YR+1
7F 0006 D   CLR   YR
BD 00AA P   JSR   PLOT   INIT GDP REGISTERS ON STARTING DOT
86 80   A   LDAA   £$80
BD 0000 P   JSR   TRACE  PLOT FIRST DOT .
B6 000B D SRCOMP LDAA   DXR+1  COMPUTE SR=-DXR/2*****
0C
46      RORA
40      NEGA
B7 0009 D   STAA   SR+1
86 FF   A   LDAA   £$FF
B7 0008 D   STAA   SR
B6 0003 D   LDAA   INDIC
85 01   A   BITA   £$01   IS IT THE FIRST RIGHT SIDE?
26 03 01C4 BNE   FIRST  IF IT IS GOTO LEFT SIDE INIT
7E 0279 P   JMP   RSIDE  IF NOT GOTO BRESENHAM ALGORITHM FOR RIGHT SIDE

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008 QUADRO .SA:0

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08          FIRST INX          LEFT SIDE INIT*****
08          INX
BD 0056 P    JSR    CALCUI    Y3-Y0
B7 0016 D    STAA   DYL
F7 0017 D    STAB   DYL+1
09          DEX
09          DEX          NEW X POINTER
BD 0056 P    JSR    CALCUI    X3-X0
B7 0014 D    STAA   DXL
F7 0015 D    STAB   DXL+1
31          INS          DON'T MODIFY RIGHT SIDE ORIGIN
31          INS
31          INS
31          INS
A6 02 A     LDAA   2,X      X0L   STORE LEFT SIDE ORIGIN
36          PSHA
A6 01 A     LDAA   1,X      X0H
36          PSHA
A6 04 A     LDAA   4,X      Y0L
36          PSHA
A6 03 A     LDAA   3,X      Y0H
36          PSHA
20 22 020E  BRA    LEFTI
08          GOLEFT INX      LEFT SIDE INIT IF NOT THE FIRST SIDE
08          INX
BD 006E P    JSR    CALCUI    Y2-Y3 (IF 2ND SIDE),Y1-Y2 (IF THIRD)
B7 0016 D    STAA   DYL
F7 0017 D    STAB   DYL+1
09          DEX          NEW X POINTER
09          DEX
BD 006E P    JSR    CALCUI    X2-X3(IF 2ND SIDE) , X1-X2 (IF THIRD)
B7 0014 D    STAA   DXL
F7 0015 D    STAB   DXL+1
A6 0E A     LDAA   14,X     X3L (OR X2L)   STORE LEFT SIDE ORIGIN
36          PSHA
A6 0D A     LDAA   13,X     X3H (OR X2H)
36          PSHA
A6 10 A     LDAA   16,X     Y3L (OR Y2L)
36          PSHA
A6 0F A     LDAA   15,X     Y3H (OR Y2H)
36          PSHA
B6 0014 D LEFTI LDAA   DXL
85 08 A     BITA   £$08
27 14 0229  BEQ    POSITL   IF DX LEFT.GE.0 GOTO POSITL
F6 0003 D    LDAB   INDIC    IF DX.LT.0 THEN B3=1
CA 08 A     ORAB   £$08
F7 0003 D    STAB   INDIC
F6 0015 D    LDAB   DXL+1
BD 0035 P    JSR    VALABS   AND DX=/DX/
B7 0014 D    STAA   DXL
F7 0015 D    STAB   DXL+1

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009  QUADRO  .SA:0
      B1 0016 D POSITL CMPA  DYL
      22 27 0255      BHI  XLYLSL  IF DX.GT.DY NO EXCHANGE
      26 05 0235      BNE  EXCHAN  IF DX.LT.DY EXCHANGE DX AND DY
      F1 0017 D        CMPB  DYL+1
      22 20 0255      BHI  XLYLSL
      B6 0003 D EXCHAN LDAA  INDIC  AND SET B4=1
      8A 10 A          ORAA  £$10
      B7 0003 D        STAA  INDIC
      B6 0015 D        LDAA  DXL+1  DX AND DY ARE EXCHANGED HERE
      F6 0017 D        LDAB  DYL+1
      B7 0017 D        STAA  DYL+1
      F7 0015 D        STAB  DXL+1
      B6 0014 D        LDAA  DXL
      F6 0016 D        LDAB  DYL
      F7 0014 D        STAB  DXL
      B7 0016 D        STAA  DYL
      7F 000E D XLYLSL CLR  XL      XL=YL=0
      7F 000F D        CLR  XL+1
      7F 0010 D        CLR  YL
      7F 0011 D        CLR  YL+1
      B6 0015 D SLCOMP LDAA  DXL+1  SL=-DXL/2 CALCULATION*****
      0C
      46              RORA
      40              NEGA
      B7 0013 D        STAA  SL+1
      86 FF A          LDAA  £$FF
      B7 0012 D        STAA  SL
      B6 0003 D        LDAA  INDIC
      95 01 A          BITA  £$01  FIRST SIDES ?
      26 03 0279      BNE  RSIDE  IF B0=1 RIGHT SIDE BRESENHAM
      7E 0326 P        JMP  LSIDE  IF B0=0 LEFT SIDE BRESENHAM
      F6 0003 D RSIDE LDAB  INDIC  RIGHT SIDE PLOTTING*****
      C5 04 A          BITB  £$04  TEST B2
      27 10 0290      BEQ  NOECH1  IF B2=0 DX.GE.DY;NO EXCHANGE
      B6 0006 D        LDAA  YR      COMPARE YR AND DYR
      B1 000A D        CMPA  DXR
      26 18 02A0      BNE  SAMER  IF YR.LT.DXR
      B6 0007 D        LDAA  YR+1  COMPARE LSB
      20 0E 029B      BRA  COMPA
      7E 0413 P NEWR  JMP  TESTRI  END OF A RIGHT SIDE
      B6 0004 D NOECH1 LDAA  XR      COMPARE XR AND DXR
      B1 000A D        CMPA  DXR
      26 08 02A0      BNE  SAMER  XR.LT.DXR
      B6 0005 D        LDAA  XR+1  COMPARE LSB
      B1 000B D COMPA  CMPA  DXR+1
      27 ED 028D      BEQ  NEWR  IF XR.EQ.DXR
      C4 7F A SAMER  ANDB  £$7F  RIGHT SIDE INDICATOR
      F7 0003 D        STAB  INDIC
      BD 00AA P        JSR  PLOT  COMPUTE DOT COORDINATES
      86 80 A          LDAA  £$80  DOT COMMAND
      BD 0000 P        JSR  TRACE  PLOT IT
      B6 0003 D        LDAA  INDIC
      85 04 A          BITA  £$04  TEST B2
      26 05 02B9      BNE  INCYR  IF B2=1
      BD 0086 P        JSR  ADDXR1  XR=XR+1
      20 03 02BC      BRA  AFTINC
      BD 008F P INCYR  JSR  ADDYR1  YR=YR+1

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010 QUADRO .SA:0

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B6 0008 D AFTINC LDAA SR SR=SR+DYR CALCULATION*****
F6 0009 D LDAB SR+1
37 PSHB
36 PSHA
B6 000C D LDAA DYR
F6 000D D LDAB DYR+1
37 PSHB
36 PSHA
BD 000B P JSR ADD16
F7 0009 D STAB SR+1
F6 0003 D LDAB INDIC
B7 0008 D STAA SR SR IS A 16 BIT SIGNED NUMBER
2A 0A 02E4 BPL IFSRGE
FE 0000 D LDX SAVEX
C5 04 A BITB £$04 TEST B2
26 28 0309 BNE MEMXY IF B2=1
7E 0279 P JMP RSIDE IF B2=0 LOOP
C5 04 A IFSRGE BITB £$04 IF SR.GE.0
26 05 02ED BNE INCXR IF B2=1
BD 008F P JSR ADDYR1 YR=YR+1
20 03 02F0 BRA AFINCR
BD 0086 P INCXR JSR ADDXR1 XR=XR+1
B6 0008 D AFINCR LDAA SR SR=SR-DXR CALCULATION*****
F6 0009 D LDAB SR+1
37 PSHB
36 PSHA
B6 000A D LDAA DXR
F6 000B D LDAB DXR+1
37 PSHB
36 PSHA
BD 0020 P JSR SUB16
B7 0008 D STAA SR
F7 0009 D STAB SR+1
B6 0003 D MEMXY LDAA INDIC
84 7F A ANDA £$7F RIGHT SIDE
B7 0003 D STAA INDIC
BD 00AA P JSR PLOT DOT COORDINATES
B7 001A D STAA RESYCO STORE THEM
F7 001B D STAB RESYCO+1
B6 0000 A LDAA MSBX
F6 0001 A LDAB MSBX+1
B7 0018 D STAA RESXCO
F7 0019 D STAB RESXCO+1

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011 QUADRO .SA:0

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F6 0003 D LSIDE LDAB INDIC LEFT SIDE BRESENHAM*****
C5 10 A BITB £$10 DX.LT.DY ?
27 10 033D BEQ NOEXCH IF DX.GE.DY NO EXCHANGE
B6 0010 D LDAA YL IF EXCHANGE COMPARE YL WITH DXL
B1 0014 D CMA DXL
26 18 034D BNE SAMEL YL.LT.DYL CONTINUE
B6 0011 D LDAA YL+1 COMPARE LSB
20 0E 0348 BRA COMPAR
7E 0437 P NEWL JMP TESTLE IF XL.EQ.DXL END OF A LEFT SIDE
B6 000E D NOEXCH LDAA XL IF NO EXCHANGE COMPARE XL WITH DXL
B1 0014 D CMA DXL
26 08 034D BNE SAMEL XL.LT.DXL CONTINUE
B6 000F D LDAA XL+1 COMPARE LSB
B1 0015 D COMPAR CMA DXL+1
27 ED 033A BEQ NEWL
CA 80 A SAMEL ORAB £$80 B7=1 IT IS A LEFT SIDE
F7 0003 D STAB INDIC
BD 00AA P JSR PLOT COMPUTE DOT COORDINATES
86 80 A LDAA £$80 DOT COMMAND
BD 0000 P JSR TRACE PLOT IT
B6 0003 D LDAA INDIC
85 10 A BITA £$10 TEST B4
26 05 0366 BNE INCYL IF B4=1 GOTO INCYL
BD 0098 P JSR ADDXL1 IF B4=0 XL=XL+1
20 03 0369 BRA LNEXT
BD 00A1 P INCYL JSR ADDYLL1 IF B4=1 YL=YL+1
B6 0012 D LNEXT LDAA SL SL=SL+DYL CALCULATION*****
F6 0013 D LDAB SL+1
37 PSHB
36 PSHA
B6 0016 D LDAA DYL
F6 0017 D LDAB DYL+1
37 PSHB
36 PSHA
BD 000B P JSR ADD16
F7 0013 D STAB SL+1
F6 0003 D LDAB INDIC
B7 0012 D STAA SL
2A 0A 0391 BPL IFSLGE
FE 0000 D LDX SAVEX IF SL.LT.0 TEST B4
C5 10 A BITB £$10
26 28 03B6 BNE VECTOR IF B4=1 COMPUTE X,Y COORDINATES FOR LEFT SIDE
7E 0326 P JMP LSIDE IF B4=1 LOOP (YL HAS NOT BEEN INCREMENTED)
C5 10 A IFSLGE BITB £$10 IF SL.GE.0 CONTINUE
26 05 039A BNE INCXL IF B4=1 GOTO INCXL
BD 00A1 P JSR ADDYLL1 YL=YL+1
20 03 039D BRA FOLLOW
BD 0098 P INCXL JSR ADDXL1 XL=XL+1

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012 QUADRO .SA:0

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B6 0012 D FOLLOW LDAA SL SL=SL-DXL CALCULATION*****
F6 0013 D LDAB SL+1
37 PSHB
36 PSHA
B6 0014 D LDAA DXL
F6 0015 D LDAB DXL+1
37 PSHB
36 PSHA
BD 0020 P JSR SUB16
B7 0012 D STAA SL
F7 0013 D STAB SL+1
B6 0003 D VECTOR LDAA INDIC COMPUTE LEFT DOT COORDINATES
8A 80 A ORAA £$80
B7 0003 D STAA INDIC
BD 00AA P JSR PLOT
B6 0003 D LDAA INDIC IS IT AN EMPTY QUADRILATERAL
85 20 A BITA £$20
27 08 03D0 BEQ FILL IF IT IS TO BE FILLED
7F 0000 A CLR DELTAX
7F 0000 A CLR DELTAY
20 38 0408 BRA LOOP3
B6 0019 D FILL LDAA RESXCO+1
F6 0018 D LDAB RESXCO
36 PSHA
37 PSHB
B6 0000 A LDAA MSBX LEFT SIDE DOT X COORDINATE
F6 0001 A LDAB MSBX+1
37 PSHB
36 PSHA
BD 0020 P JSR SUB16 DELTAX OF THE FILLING VECTOR
F7 0000 A STAB DELTAX LSB DIRECTLY IN DELTAX EF9365 REGISTER
84 0F A ANDA £$0F 12 BIT NUMBER
B7 0000 A STAA DELTAY DELTAY IS USED AS TEMPORARY STORAGE AREA
27 1B 0408 LOOP4 BEQ LOOP3 IF DELTAX MSB =0 PLOT THE FILLING VECTOR
7A 0000 A DEC DELTAY DELTAX - $FF CALCULATION
5C INCB
26 03 03F6 BNE NOCARR
7C 0000 A INC DELTAY
86 FF A NOCARR LDAA £$FF A $FF LONG VECTOR IS PLOTTED
B7 0000 A STAA DELTAX
86 10 A LDAA £$10 HORIZONTAL VECTOR COMMAND
BD 0000 P JSR TRACE
F7 0000 A STAB DELTAX STORE INTERMEDIATE RESULT
B6 0000 A LDAA DELTAY TEST IF MSB=0
20 E3 03EB BRA LOOP4
FE 0000 D LOOP3 LDX SAVEX
86 10 A LDAA £$10 PLOT THE REMAINING LENGTH
BD 0000 P JSR TRACE
7E 0279 P JMP RSIDE BACK TO BRESENHAM ALGORITHM FOR RIGHT SIDE

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013 QUADRO .SA:0

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***** END OF A RIGHT SIDE *****
31      TESTRI  INS      RESTORE STACK POINTER
31      INS
31      INS
31      INS
31      INS
31      INS
31      INS
31      INS
7C 0002  D      INC      SIDCNT
B6 0002  D      LDAA     SIDCNT
81 03    A      CMPA     £$03    IS IT THE END ?
26 03 0428 BNE     NEXTSI
7E 045E  P      JMP      ENDQUA  IF Y=YMAX EXIT FROM SUBROUTINE
B6 0003  D NEXTSI LDAA     INDIC   IF Y.LT.YMAX NEXT SIDE
84 F8    A      ANDA     £$F8    INDIC INITIALISATION FOR NEXT RIGHT SIDE
B7 0003  D      STAA     INDIC
08      INX
08      INX      UPDATE X
08      INX
08      INX
7E 012E  P      JMP      GRIGHT
***** END OF A LEFT SIDE *****
7C 0002  D TESTLE INC      SIDCNT
B6 0002  D      LDAA     SIDCNT
81 03    A      CMPA     £$03
27 17 0458 BEQ     ENDLEF
B6 0003  D NEXTSL LDAA     INDIC
31      INS      UPDATING STACK POINTER
31      INS
31      INS
31      INS
85 01    A      BITA     £$01    WAS IT THE FIRST LEFT SIDE?
26 04 0450 BNE     NEWIND  IF IT WAS
09      DEX      IF IT WAS NOT
09      DEX
09      DEX      UPDATE X
09      DEX
84 E6    A NEWIND ANDA     £$E6    INDIC INIT
B7 0003  D      STAA     INDIC
7E 01EC  P      JMP      GOLEFT  START A NEW LEFT SIDE
86 08    A ENDLEF LDAA     £$8     RESTORE STACK POINTER
31      STAINI  INS
4A      DECA
26 FC 045A BNE     STAINI
39      ENDQUA  RTS
39      END

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ERRORS 00000--00000

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Informations contained in this application note have been carefully checked and are believed to be entirely reliable.
However, no responsibility is assumed for inaccuracies.

Printed in France